October 2020

Standard Pilot Systems

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INTRODUCTION

Scope of Manual

This manual provides instructions for operation, startup and commissioning for Types BSL85/1, BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 pilot systems.

Product Description

Two standard type of pilot systems are available:

- Type BSL85/1 (Distribution Applications)
- Types BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 (Transmission Applications)

The Type BSL85/1 pilot is composed of a manometric pre-expansion box, a manometric pre-expansion pilot box, and a pilot body.

The Types BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 pilots are composed of a manometric pre-expansion box, a manometric pre-expansion pilot box and two pilot bodies. The Types BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 permits all types of failure modes. Type BSL85/3 offer compact mounting method and standardization of the BMP.

- The BMP pilots with standard diaphragm are "FO"
- · The BMP pilots with double diaphragm are "FC"
- The bellows are flattened in the case of overpressure but with no leak to the outside.

Different connection types permit these pilots to be used on a wide range of EMERSON Pilot-Operated Regulators.



TYPE BSL85/2 PILOT



TYPE BSL85/1 PILOT

Figure 1. Fisher™ Pilots

Two functional types of pressure reduction are available, Hard Trim or Boot Trim Pilot System:

- Pressure Reduction with Actuator and Plug: Pilot system loaded by modulated pressure
- Pressure Reduction with Diaphragm-Plug:
 Pilot system unloaded by modulated pressure

The setpoint range can be modified by simply changing the BMP manometric box or spring.



CHARACTERISTICS

| OPERATING PRESSURE | | |
|---------------------------------------|----|---------------|
| Maximum allowable pressure | PS | 100 bar |
| Maximum inlet pressure ⁽¹⁾ | Pu | 85 bar |
| Outlet pressure range | Pd | 0,01 à 60 bar |

⁽¹⁾ In extreme conditions (isopropanol, methanol)

Material

Pilot body: Steel BMP (Spring case): Steel

BMP (Cover): Steel or Aluminium

Bracket: Steel

Connection Styles

Pilot body: 1/4 NPT tapped

Manometer: Type BSL85/1 M10x1 tapped

Type BSL85/2 1/4 NPT tap

BMP connection: 1/4 NPT tapped

BMP vent: 1/4 NPT tapped

Regulators

Distribution applications (Type BSL85/1): Types CRONOS-FR, FL-FR, EZR

Transmission applications (Types BSL85/2 and BSL85/3):

Types EZH, EZHSO, EZHFO, FL-FR, EZR

Options

ADGE 1" (Pre-expansion Exchanger)

The ADGE 1" replaces the standard pre-expansion relay. It permits the gas to be reheated beyond pre-expansion without using external energy sources.

Mass volume corrector
Flow limiter
Remote control setting

Contact Factory

RPE (Electric Heater)

The RPE is used for reheating gas supplying pressure reducing regulator pilots. It avoids the inconveniences caused by freezing which occur during large pressure drops. (See instruction manual D103694X012).

RJGI (Accelerator) Figure 2

In the case of a monitor or working monitor configuration the RJGI accelerates the recovery of the monitor in case of failure of the active regulator. The RJGI vents to the atmosphere or downstream of the modulated pressure modulated in the case of downstream overpressure.

The RJGI can be used on a single device powering a fast-break process thus limiting the value of the closing overpressure.

Table 1. Setting Ranges for RJGI Option

| | RJGI SETTING RANGE | RJGI SUB-ASSEMBLY | | MAXI RANGE | SET AN | D FIXED SPRING |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SIZE | bar | REFERENCE | TYPE | DIAPHRAGM / BELLOWS. bar | ♦ wire. mm | Reference |
| | 1 to 3 | ERAA26110A0 | | | 3.5 and 4 | FA115012X12 and FA113199X12 |
| 071 | 3 to 6 | ERAA26081A0 | Diaphragm | ΔP maxi 18 bar | 3.5 and 4.5 | FA113198X12 and FA113200X12 |
| | 6 to 12 | ERAA26084A0 | | | 4.5 and 5.5 | FA113202X12 and FA120904X12 |
| 236 | 12 to 20 | ERAA26087A0 | | 35 | 4.5 and 5.5 | FA113200X12 and FA120904X12 |
| 236 | 20 to 35 | ERAA26088A0 | Dallana | 35 | 5.5 and 6.5 | FA113202X12 and FA117967X12 |
| 222 | 35 to 50 | ERAA26089A0 | Bellows - | 70 | 4 and 5.5 | FA116816X12 and FA113202X12 |
| 222 | 50 to 70 | ERAA26113A0 | | 70 | 4.5 and 5.5 | FA113200X12 and FA120904X12 |
| Note: The RJGI | setting is generally 5% superio | r to the setting of the monitor p | oilot PM. | | | |

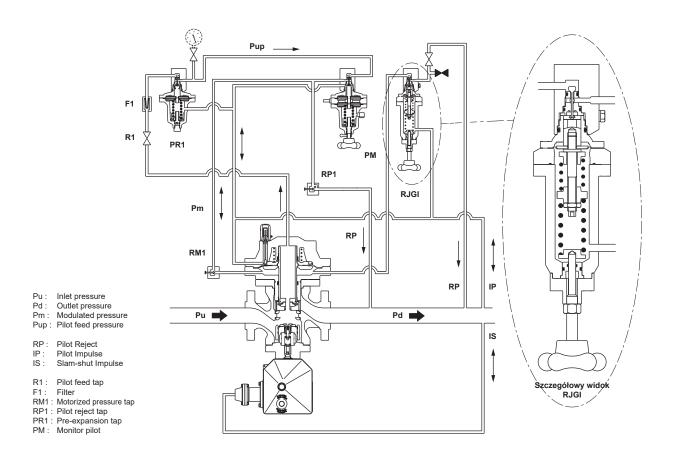


Figure 2. Principle of Operation - Type EZH OS2 Regulator, DN 25 - 50 - 80 with 114DA, 114MD and RJGI

LABELLING

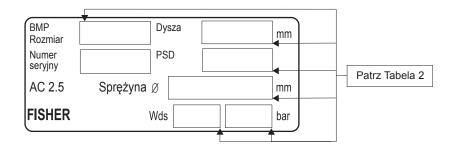


Figure 3. BMP Nameplate

| | SF | RING | WDS SETTI | NG RANGE * | | |
|---------------|------------|-------------|-----------|------------|---------|-----|
| BMP SIZE | ♦wire (mm) | Reference | Mini | Maxi | PSD BMP | AC |
| 400 | 2 | FA113195X12 | 0.01 | 0.05 | - | |
| 162 | 3 | FA113197X12 | 0.05 | 0.18 | 5 | |
| | 4 | FA113199X12 | 0.16 | 0.77 | | |
| 44.4 | 4.5 | FA113200X12 | 0.25 | 1.2 | 10 | |
| 114 | 5.5 | FA113202X12 | 0.50 | 2.4 | 10 | |
| | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 1.0 | 4.8 | 1 | |
| 44404 | 5.5 | FA113202X12 | 0.5 | 2.4 | | |
| 114DA | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 1.2 | 4.8 | 1 | |
| 114E | 5.5 | FA113202X12 | 0.5 | 2.4 | | 2.5 |
| 114MD | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 1.2 | 4.8 | | 2.5 |
| 07404 | 4 | FA113199X12 | 0.2 | 2.8 | | |
| 071DA | 4.5 | FA113200X12 | 1 | 5 | 100 | |
| | 4.5 | FA113200X12 | 1 | 5 | 100 | |
| 071E 071MD | 5.5 | FA113202X12 | 2 | 10.5 | | |
| 07 IMD | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 4 | 18 | | |
| 236 | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 8 | 35 | | |
| 227 | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 12 | 47 | | |
| 222 | 6.5 | FA114139X12 | 30 | 60 | 1 | |

Table 2. Setting Ranges for Manometric Boxes

DESCRIPTION

DA: Adjustable Differential, MD: Double Diaphragm, E: Vent, Wds setting range depending on spring size

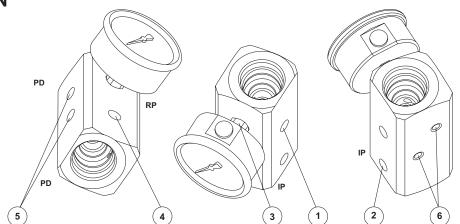


Figure 4. Type BSL85/1 Body Marking

Body Description (Figure 4)

- 1. Pilot feed
- 2. Pilot impulse line (IP)
- 3. Pre-expansion manometer
- 4. Pilot reject (RP)
- 5. Exterior manometer (PD)
- 6. Mounting M8

Type BSL85 pilot exists in two types of operational modes:

- Hard trim (Figures 2, 5, 6, 7, 8)
- Boot trim (Figure 9)

Each mode requires an adapted connection pipeline

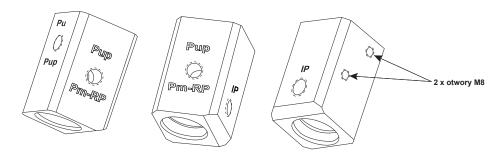


Figure 4 bis. Type BSL85/2 Body Marking

PRINCIPLE OF OPERATION

Hard Trim Pilot Systems

Type BSL85/1 hard trim principle of operation schematic

The regulator opens due to the increase (loading) of the modulated pressure (Pm).

Opening

The flow demand increases, the decrease in outlet pressure (Pd) is registered by the pilot-sensing element.

Forced by the action of the control springs, the pilot, then the pre-expansion relay, open.

The pre-expansion pressure (Pup) feeds the pilot.

The modulated pressure (Pm) is fed to the pilot through the actuator diaphragm.

The regulator OPENS.

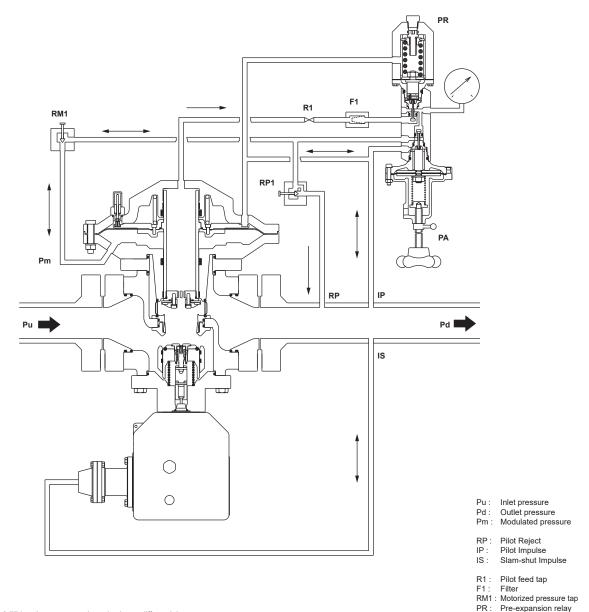
Closing

The flow demand decreases, the increase of the outlet pressure (Pd) is registered by the pilot-sensing element.

The increased outlet pressure overcomes the force of the control spring, the pilot, then the pre-expansion relay, close.

The modulated pressure (Pm) bleeds through the reject pilot (RP).

The regulator CLOSES.



Note: For outlet pressures < 0.77 bar the pre-expansion relay is not differential.

Figure 5. Principle of Operation - Type CRONOS-FR Regulator with Type BSL85/1 Pilot

Active Pilot

Hard Trim Pilot Systems

Type BSL85/2 hard trim principle of operation schematic

"Fail to Close" Version Pup F1 R1 RP1 Pm RM1 ΙP RP Pd IS Modulated pressure Pilot feeding pressure

Motorized pressure tap RP1: Pilot reject tap
PR1: Pre-expansion relay
PM: Monitor Pilot RP1:

Inlet pressure Outlet pressure

Pilot Reject Pilot Impulse Slam-shut Impulse

Pilot feed tap Filter

Figure 6. Principle of Operation - Type EZH Regulator with Type BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 Pilots

Pu: Pd:

Pup:

RP:

IS: R1:

Hard Trim Pilot Systems (continued)

Type BSL85/2 hard trim principle of operation schematic

In this case, it is possible to choose between two types of regulators depending on how they react in "Fail to Open" situation.

Figure 7: the regulator spring tries to close, the "Fail to Open" mode is managed by the appropriate pilot.

"Fail to Open" Version

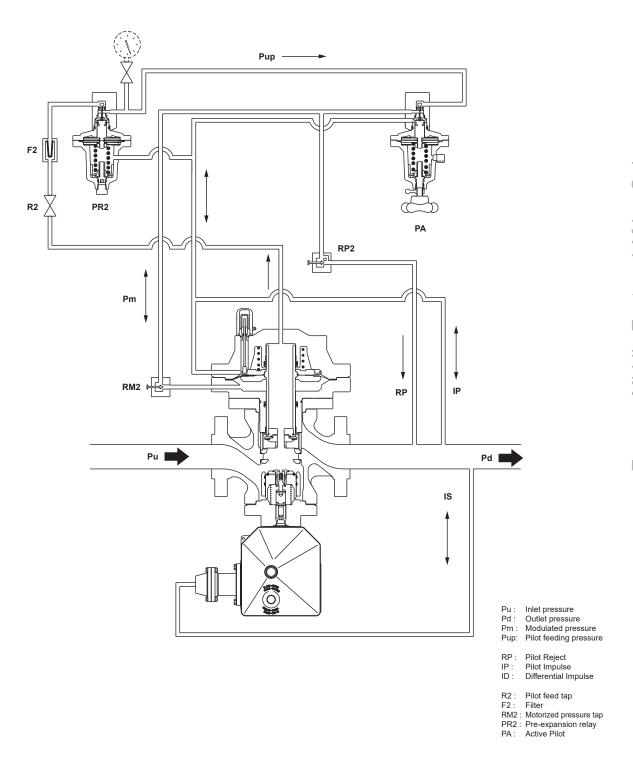


Figure 7. Principle of Operation - Type EZHFO Regulator with Types BSL85/2 and BSL85/3 Pilots

Hard Trim Pilot Systems (continued)

Figure 8: the regulator spring tries to open, the "Fail to Open" mode is managed by the regulator spring

"Fail to Open" Version

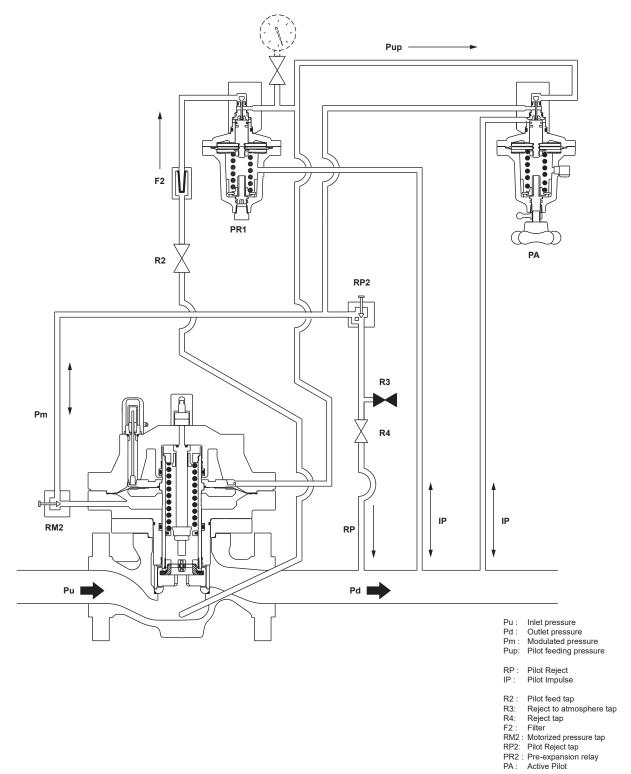


Figure 8. Principle of Operation - Type EZHSO Regulator with Types BSL85/2 Pilot and BSL85/3 Pilots

Boot Trim Pilot Systems

Principle of operation of boot trim pilot systems based on Compact Pilot System

The regulator opens with a decrease (unloading) of the modulated pressure (Pm).

Opening

The flow demand increases, the decrease in the outlet pressure (Pd) is registered by the pilot-sensing element.

Forced by the action of the control springs, the pilot, then the pre-expansion relay, open.

The pilot flow increases and becomes superior to that of the restriction tap (R2).

The modulated pressure (Pm) bleeds to the outlet side through the reject pilot (RP).

The regulator OPENS.

Closing

The flow demand decreases, the increase in the outlet pressure (Pd) is registered by the pilot-sensing element.

The force applied on the pilot impulse is overcome by that of the control spring, the pilot, then the pre-expansion relay closes.

The pilot flow decreases and becomes inferior to that of the restriction tap (R2).

The modulated pressure (Pm) increases.

The regulator CLOSES.

Type BSL85/2 Boot Trim Principle of Operation Schematic

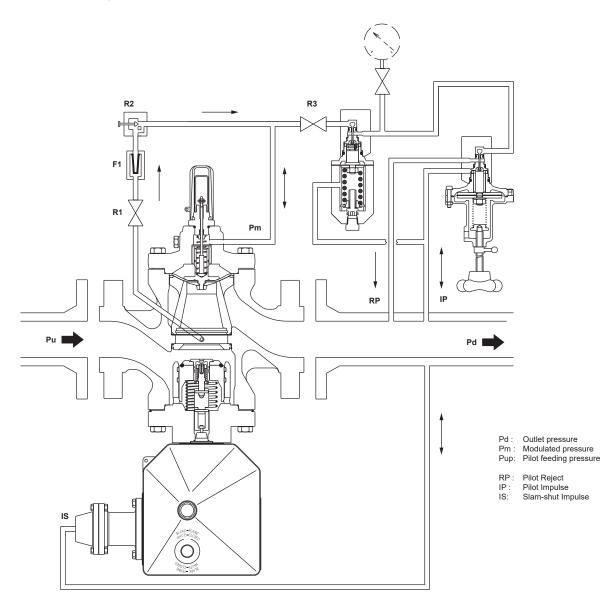
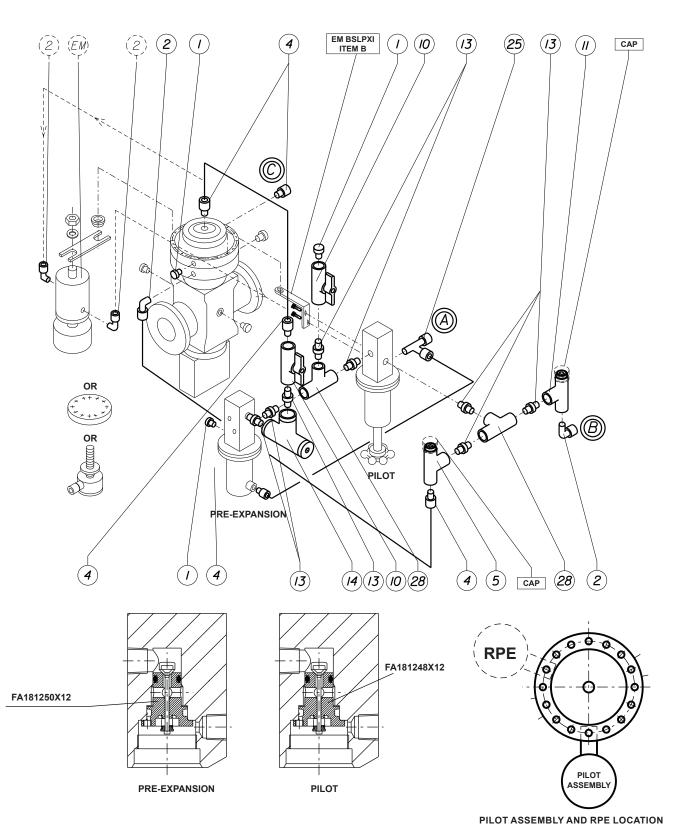


Figure 9. Principle of Operation - Type EZR Regulator with Type BSL85/2 Pilot.



A = Prise d' impulsion à relier à la tuyauterie aval (Tube D10) / Sensing line to linked to outlet pipe.

Figure 10. Principle of Operation - Type EZH Regulator with Type BSL85/3 Pilot.

B = Rejet à relier à la tuyauterie aval (Tube D10) / Bleed to be linked to outlet pipe.
C = Prise d' impulsion à relier à la tuyauterie aval (Tube D10) / Sensing line to linked to outlet pipe.
Note: La définition des repères EM se trouve dans l'EM BSL85X1 / The find number EM definition is given by EM BSL85X1

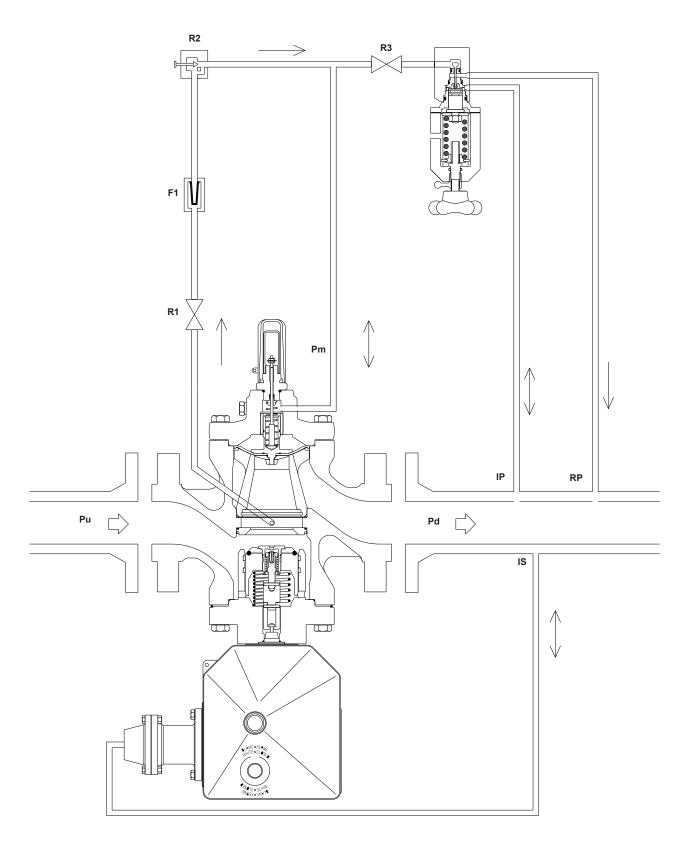


Figure 11. Principle of Operation - Type EZR Regulator with Type BSL85/3 Pilot.

STARTUP

Respect the instructions given in the instruction manual of each regulator.

WARNING

Only qualified personnel through training or experience are authorised to install, service or maintain equipment.

Installation according to EN 12186 is recommended.

No modification should be made to the structure of the equipment (drilling, grinding, soldering...).

The equipment should not receive any type of shock.

The user should verify or carry out a protection adapted to the environment.

Personal injury or equipment damage due to bursting of pressure-containing parts may occur. To avoid such injury or damage, provide pressure relieving or pressure-limiting devices to prevent service conditions from exceeding those limits.

Physical damage to the regulator can break the pilot off the main valve, causing personal injury and property damage due to bursting of pressure-containing parts. To avoid such injury and damage, install the regulator in a safe location.

COMMISSIONING

Disassembly

Check the absence of pressure between inlet and outlet valves.

Every year:

- · Disassemble the manometric boxes and nozzles.
- · Control immediate spare parts.
- · Change the fritted filter.

Tools:

Flat spanners 8, 11, 13, 14, 19; Six-sided spanners 5, 6, 10; FRANCEL square spanner; Flat screwdriver and screw M4.

Manometric Box (BM) (Figure 10)

- Unscrew knob (key 1) to remove the BM
- Unscrew screw H or CHC (key 2)*
- Remove impulse (key 3)
 - Check impulse element
 - Control tightshut joints

NOTE

When reassembling manometric boxes 071DA, 071MD, 071E or 114DA, 114MD, 114E, make sure that the two pins on the spring centering device are always placed correctly in the grooves of the spring housing (antirotation of the centering device).



Figure 10 bis. Pins position

Pilot Body (Figure 13)

- Remove nozzle(s) (pilot block(s)) (key 4)
 - Screw M4
 - · Clean valve and seat
 - · Control tighshut joints

Filter (Figure 11)

- Unscrew cap (key 8)
 - 6-sided spanner no. 10
- · Remove filter (key 9)
 - Change the filter every year

Adjustment Tap (Figure 12)

- Unscrew stop point (key 10)
 - Flat spanner no. 22
- Unscrew needle (key 11)
 - Square spanner
 - Control the seating of the seat and the needle
 - · Control the tighshut joint

NOTE

Install a cap, or fill the point (key 10) with grease, for protection against aggression from the exterior.

Reassembly

Complet the above operations in reverse order.

Lightly grease all rings (silicone grease recommended).

Lightly grease all threads (molycot grease).

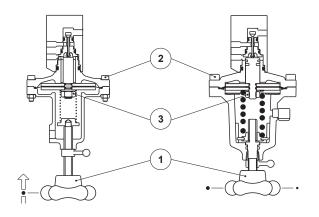


Figure 12. Manometric Box Setting

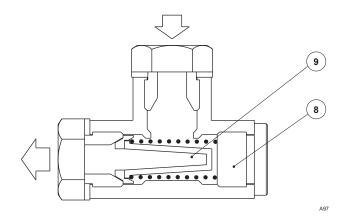


Figure 13. Filter

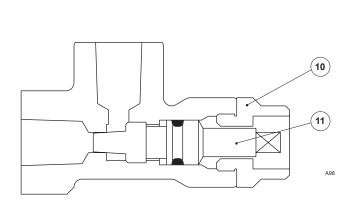


Figure 14. Setting Tap

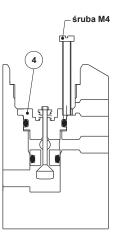


Figure 15. M4 screw for removing Nozzle

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Variable Pressure Metering (CPV)

Elements:

· Pilot System: - One pre-expansion relay with

adjustable differential (BMP 114 DR)
- One standard pilot

Meter

Port Plate

Principle

A port plate causes loss in the load, which causes flow increase. The pressure between the regulator and the port plate increases with the flow. The meter allows the flow to increase (in $m^3/h(N)$) as the pressure increases when the flow is high.

Goal: Increase meter dynamics

Determination of Characteristics

Contact factory.

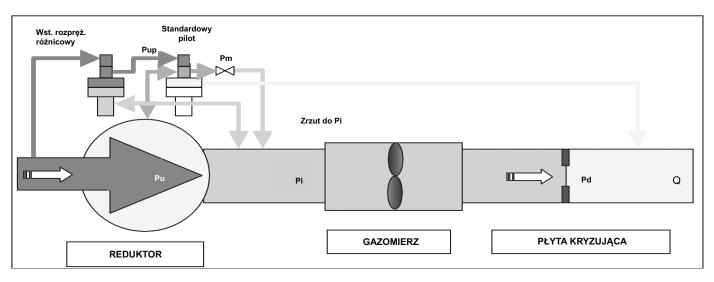


Figure 16. Port Plate

TERMS

Failure Modes

FO: Fail to Open

Regulator opens in the case of failure mode

The regulator tends to automatically open in the case of failure of the main diaphragm or when there is an interruption of the energy required for the displacement of the regulation unit.

FC: Fail to Close

Regulator closes in the case of failure mode

The regulator tends to automatically close in the case of failure of the main diaphragm or when there is an interruption of the energy required for the displacement of the regulation unit.

Equipment:

• FO design: EZHFO - EZHSO

• FC design: EZH - CRONOS-FR - FL-FR

Types BMP 071MD & 114MD Double-Diaphragm Pilot (Detail 5, Fig. 16 or 20)

The manometric box is equipped with two integral diaphragms. The volume between these two diaphragms is related to the travel indicator (key 5).

In the case of failure of the upper diaphragm, the travel indicator stem is visible indicating the failure, the lower diaphragm maintains the functionality and responds to the fault modes described in EN 334.

PRE-EXPANSION DETERMINATION

Table 3. Pre-expansion Settings

| REGULATOR | RECOMMENDED SETTINGS(1), bar | AVAILABLE SETTINGS DEPENDING ON REQUIREMENTS, bar |
|--|------------------------------|--|
| EZH or EZHFO DN 25/50/80 | Pd + 2 | Pd + 1.5 à 2.4 |
| EZH or EZHFO DN 100 | Pd + 4 | Pd + 3.2 à 4.8 |
| EZHSO DN 25/50/80/100 | Pd + 4 | Pd + 3.2 à 4.8 |
| CRONOS-FR. FL-FR | Pd + 0.4 | Pd + 0.2 à 0.6 |
| EZR | Pd + 0.8 | Pd + 0.5 à 1.5 |
| 1. Factory setting for pre-expansion differential 071DA or 114DA | λ. | |

Operating Instructions and Regulation Optimization

Table 4. Operating Instructions and Regulation Optimization

| | UNIT OR PARAMETER | INDICATIONS | INSTABILITY | SLOW REACTION | LACK OF PRECISION |
|--|-------------------------------|--|--|---|----------------------|
| | Modulated pressure valve | Open 2 turns. All setting available except completely closed | Progressively close, without completely closing | Wide open | No incidence |
| Hard Trim Pilot System (Figures 2, 5, 6, 7 and 8) | Reject tap | Open 1/2 turn. All setting available | Open by successive fractions | Close by succes | ssive fractions |
| | Pre-expansion relay | See table 3 | Decrease the pre-expansion by successive fractions | Increase the pre successive | |
| | Pilot vent valve (BMP 162) | Open 1/2 turn. All settings available except completely closed | Look for the best position between a 1/4 and 2 turns | Open progressively | No incidence |
| Boot Trim Pilot System (Figure 9) | Feeding tap | Open 1/2 turn. All settings available | Open by successive fractions | by successive fractions Close by successive fractions | |
| | Pre-expansion relay | See table 3 | Decrease the pre-expansion by successive fractions | Increase the pre successive | |

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PILOT SETTINGS

 Table 5. Distribution Applications and Type EZR

| | | ım Range, | MAXI RANGE, bar d WIRE, bar DIAPHRAGM mm | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.5 | ΔP max 10 6.5 | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|---------------------|---------------|--|--|
| S | PILOT | NOZZLE 4 mm | SIZE MAXI DIA | 60 | 701 | | 7 | <u>+</u> | | 024 | | - |
| ION APPLICATION | | | TYPE | | | | | Diapinagin | | | | > upstream pressure |
| DISTRIBUTI | | | ф WIRE, mm | | | | _ | 4 | | | | (mano range |
| 5/1 / Pu max 25 bar FOR | PRE-EXPANSION RELAY | NOZZLE 4 mm | MAXI RANGE, bar DIAPHRAGM | ΔP max 18 | | | | | | | to have a manometer compatible with the upstream pressure (mano range > upstream pressure) | |
| TYPE BSL8 | PILOT SYSTEM TYPE BSL85/1 / Pu max 25 bar FOR DISTRIBUTION APPLICATIONS | | 071 DA | | | | | | r compatible with t | | | |
| PILOT SYSTEM | | | | | | | Diapinagin | | | | have a manometer | |
| | Pd, bar | | 0.01 to 0.05 | 0.05 to 0.18 | 0.18 to 0.77 | 0.77 to 1.20 | 1.20 to 2.40 | 2.40 to 4.80 | 4.80 to 10.5 | 10.5 to 18.00 | ditions it is imperative to | |
| | | ď | NOMINAL Pd | 0.02 0.1 0.3 1 1 2 2 8 | | 16 | e in operating con | | | | | |
| | | ADDIT N | | | | | CRONOS-FR | FL-BP-FR | | | | Note: in the case of a change in operating conditions it is imperative |

| EGULATORS NOMINAL Pdd RANGE TYPE SIZE MAXIRANGE Part RANGE Part RANGE Part RANGE Page Page Page Page Page Page Page Page | | | | | | PILOT FOR TYPE EZR | ZR | | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------|-----------|---|---------|--------|
| NOMINAL Pd. Dat Diaphragm RANGE TYPE SIZE bar Diaphragm φ WIRE. φ WIRE. TYPE SIZE bar Diaphragm φ WIRE. φ WIRE. TYPE SIZE bar Diaphragm φ WIRE. TYPE SIZE par Diaphragm φ WIRE. φ WIRE. TYPE SIZE par Diaphragm φ MIRE. φ MIRE. TYPE SIZE par Diaphragm φ MIRE. φ MIRE | | | | | PRE-EXP | ANSION RELAY | | | | PILOT | | |
| NOMINAL PANGE RANGE TYPE SIZE BELLOWS MAXI RANGE Par DIAPHRAGM, Pum BELLOWS 4 WIRE. TYPE SIZE BELLOWS MAXI RANGE Par DIAPHRAGM, Pum BELLOWS WARI RANGE Par DIAPHRAGM, Pum BELLOWS MAXI RANGE Par DIAPHRAGM, Pum BELLOWS WIRE. Par DIAPHRAGM, Pum BELLOWS Pum BELLOWS 2 0.02 0.01 to 0.05 0.01 to 0.05 1.45 16 16 5.5 3 3 1 0.07 to 1.20 Diaphragm 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 6.5 8 8 4.80 to 10.5 16 10.5 to 18:00 227 47 6.5 Belllows 236 35 6.5 6.5 2 0.7 to 2.4 2.20 to 4.48 100 to 2.4 2.20 to 2.20 t | | | Pd. bar | | ON ф | ZLE 4 mm ⁽¹⁾ | | | ON ϕ | ZZLE 4 mm | | Range. |
| 0.02 0.01 to 0.05 to 0.18 to 0.77 114 10 4.5 4.5 162 5 2 2 0.3 0.18 to 0.77 0.18 to 0.77 0.18 to 0.77 0.18 to 0.77 44 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 6.5 8 6.5 8 6.5 8 6.5 8 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 | EGULATORS | NOMINAL Pd | RANGE | TYPE | SIZE | MAXI RANGE,. bar DIAPHRAGM, BELLOWS | ф WIRE. | TYPE | SIZE | MAXI RANGE,. bar DIAPHRAGM, BELLOWS | ф WIRE. | bar |
| 0.1 0.05 to 0.18 114 10 4·3 10 4·3 3 3 0.3 0.18 to 0.77 Diaphragm 1.20 to 4.80 Diaphragm 4 4 4 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 4.5 6.5 8 4.5 6.5 8 6.5 | 0 | 0.02 | 0.01 to 0.05 | | | | 4 6 | | 160 | · · | 2 | |
| 0.3 0.18 to 0.77 Diaphragm 5.5 Diaphragm 5.5 Diaphragm 5.5 Diaphragm 7.1 AP max 18 Control of the control of th | BSL85/1 | 0.1 | 0.05 to 0.18 | | 114 | 10 | Ú. | | 701 | n | က | 9-0 |
| 1 0.77 to 1.20 Diaphragm | (r u iviak o bai) | 0.3 | 0.18 to 0.77 | | | | 5.5 | | | | 4 | |
| 2 1.20 to 2.40 Diaphragin 4 Diaphragin 071E ΔP max 18 CP max 18 8 4.80 to 10.5 4 2.40 to 4.80 227 47 6.5 Bellows 236 35 7 2 0.7 to 2.4 Diaphragm 71E AP max 18 10 4.8 to 18 Bellows 236 35 25 18 to 35 18 to 35 Bellows 236 35 | | - | 0.77 to 1.20 | | | | | | | | 4.5 | |
| 4 2.40 to 4.80 4 O/TE AF IIIAX 10 < | | 2 | 1.20 to 2.40 | Diaphragm | | | | Diaphargm | T14 | 0 | 5.5 | |
| 8 4.80 to 10.5 A.60 to 10.5 | BSL85/2 | 4 | 2.40 to 4.80 | | : | : | 4 | | ۵/ ا ا | ΔP max 16 | 6.5 | |
| 16 10.5 to 18.00 Bellows 227 47 6.5 Belllows 236 35 100b 2 0.7 to 2.4 Diaphragm 71E Ap max 18 10 4.8 to 18 Bellows 236 35 35 | (Pu Max 72 bar) | 8 | 4.80 to 10.5 | | | | | | | | 6.5 | |
| 25 18 to 35 Bellows 227 47 6.5 Belllows 236 35 35 2 0.7 to 2.4 Diaphragm 71E ΔD max 18 10 4.8 to 18 Bellows 236 35 | | 16 | 10.5 to 18.00 | | | | | | | | 6.5 | |
| 2 0.7 to 2.4 Diaphragm 71E 100b 100b 4 2.4 to 4.8 AP max 18 10 4.8 to 18 Bellows 236 35 | | 25 | 18 to 35 | Bellows | 227 | 47 | 6.5 | Bellows | 236 | 35 | 6.5 | |
| 4 2.4 to 4.8 Piaphragm 71E ΔP max 18 10 4.8 to 18 Bellows 236 35 35 | | 2 | 0.7 to 2.4 | | | | | | | 1007 | 4.5 | |
| ar) 10 4.8 to 18 | BSL85/3 | 4 | 2.4 to 4.8 | | | | | Diaphragm | 71E | 100b AP may 18 | 5.5 | |
| 18 to 35 Sellows 236 35 | Pu Max 72 bar) | 10 | 4.8 to 18 | : | : | : | | | | DL 11197 10 | 6.5 | |
| | | 25 | 18 to 35 | | | | | Bellows | 236 | 35 | 6.5 | |

Nozzle D 3.2 if Pu >

A1

PILOT SETTINGS (continued)

Table 6. Transmission Applications

| | | | PILOT SYSTE | W TYPE BSL85/ | 2 / Pu max 85 bar FO | PILOT SYSTEM TYPE BSL85/2 / Pu max 85 bar FOR TRANSMISSION APPLICATIONS | rions | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|---|-----------|------------------------------|--|---------|
| | | | | PRE- | PRE-EXPANSION RELAY | | | PILOT | от | |
| REGULATORS | | Pd. bar | | ф | φ NOZZLE 3.2. mm | | | φ NOZZLE 4 mm ⁽¹⁾ | E 4 mm ⁽¹⁾ | |
| | NOMINAL Pd | RANGE | TYPE | SIZE | MAXI RANGE. | ф WIRE. | TYPE | SIZE | MAXI RANGE, bar DIAPHRAGM, BELLOWS | ф WIRE. |
| | 2 | 1 to 2.4 | | | | | | | | 5.5 |
| | 4 | 2.4 to 4.8 | | 071DA | | 4.5 | Diaphradm | 114 MD | 100 | 6.5 |
| | 80 | 4.8 to 10.5 | | | |) | 1 | Q24 M | 0 | 5.5 |
| EZH | 16 | 10.5 to 18 | Diaphragm | | 100 | | | 2 2 | ДР тах 16 | 6.5 |
| | 32 | 18 to 35 | | | | 5.5 (DN 25/50/80) | | 236 | 35 | |
| | 40 | 35 to 47 | | 114DA | | | Bellows | 227 | 47 | 6.5 |
| | 20 | 47 to 60 | | | | 6.5 (DN 100) | • | 222 | 70 | |
| | 2 | 1 to 2.4 | | | | | | 114 | 007 | 5.5 |
| | 4 | 2.4 to 4.8 | | | | EZHEO DN 25/50/80: 5 5 | | 114 | 100 | 6.5 |
| EZHFO | 8 | 4.8 to 10.5 | | | | CE 1 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | Diaphragm | 074 | 0 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V | 5.5 |
| | 16 | 10.5 to 18 | Diaphragm | 114DA | 100 | EZHFO DN 100: 6.5 | | 1 | ער וומא וס | 6.5 |
| EZHSO | 32 | 18 to 35 | | | | 0.00 | | 236 | 35 | |
| | 40 | 35 to 47 | | | | EZH3O: 8:3 | Bellows | 227 | 47 | 6.5 |
| | 20 | 47 to 60 | | | | | | 222 | 20 | |
| EZH | 4 | 1 to 5 | Diaphragm | 71DA | 100 DP Max 18b | 4.5 | Diaphragm | 71 MD | 100 DP Max 18b | 4.5 |
| Following ranges are the | same with BSL-2, I | Following ranges are the same with BSL-2, but always with a 71DA wire | vire 4.5 mm for the pre-expansion. | re-expansion. | | | | | | |
| EZH FO EZH SO | 4 | 1 to 5 | Diaphragm | 71 DA | 100 DP Max 18b | 4.5 | Diaphragm | 71 E | 100 DP Max 18b | 4.5 |
| Following ranges are the | same with BSL-2, I | Following ranges are the same with BSL-2, but always with a 71DA wire | vire 4.5 mm for the pre-expansion. | re-expansion. | | | | | | |

orking monitor assembly : Shock-tail nozzle on addit

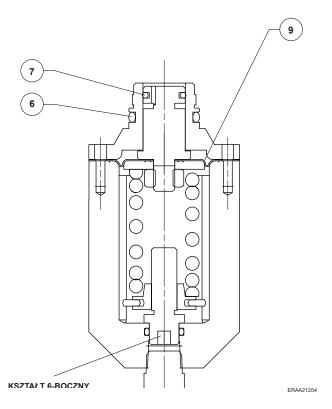


Figure 17. Pre-expansion Relay 071DA

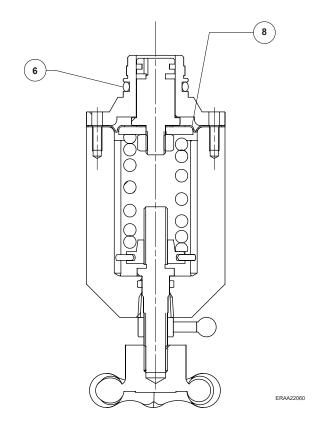


Figure 19. Pilot 071 E

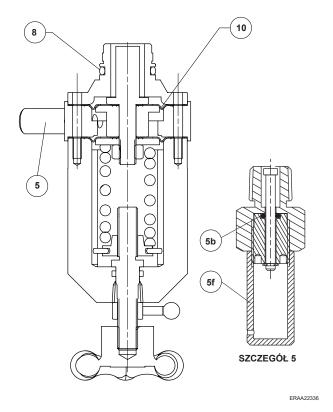


Figure 18. Pilot 071MD

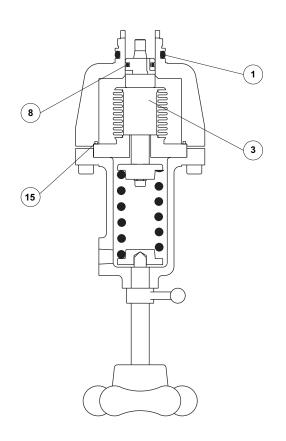


Figure 20. Pilot 236, 227, 222

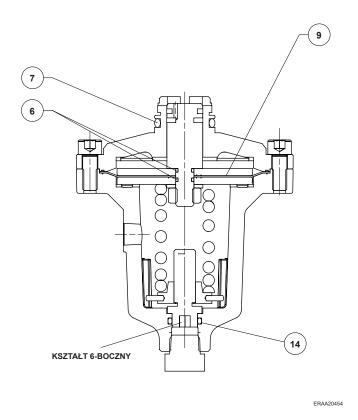


Figure 21. Pre-expansion relay 114DA

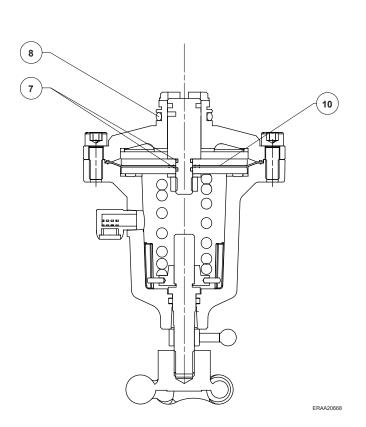


Figure 23. Pilot 114 E

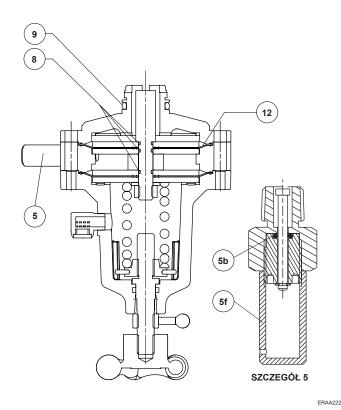


Figure 22. Pilot 114MD

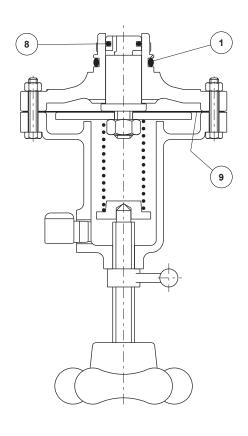


Figure 24. BMP 114, 162

Manometric Boxes Spare Parts

Table 7. Spare Parts (Figures 15 to 22)

| | | | | | BMP DIAPHRAGM SIZE | RAGM SIZE | | | | ĮB | BMP BELLOWS SIZE | Ш |
|-----|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| KEY | DESCRIPTION | 071DA Figure 15 | 071MD Figure 16 | 071E Figure 17 | 114 Figure 22 | 114DA Figure 19 | 114MD Figure 20 | 114E Figure 21 | 162 Figure 22 | 236 Figure 18 | 227 Figure 18 | 222 Figure 18 |
| | Pre-expansion BMP | ERAA21254A0 | | | FA198743X12 | ERAA20454A0 | | | | | FA198751X12 | |
| | Pilot BMP | | ERAA22336A0 | ERAA22060A0 | FA195373X12 | | ERAA22267A0 | ERA420668A0 | FA195606X12 | FA196580X12 | FA196576X12 | FA196574X12 |
| 1 | O-ring | | | | FA400520X12 | | | | FA400520X12 | FA400520X12 | FA400520X12 | FA400520X12 |
| က | Impulse element | | | | | | | | | FA180922X12 | FA180924X12 | FA180971X12 |
| 2 | Indicator assemble | | ERAA03181A0 | | | | ERAA03181A0 | | | | | |
| 2b | O-ring | | M6020066X12 | | | | M6020066X12 | | | | | |
| 5f | Tube | | M0196770X12 | | | | M0196770X12 | | | | | |
| 9 | O-ring | FA400520X12 | | FA400520X12 | | FA400220X12 | | | | | | |
| 7 | O-ring | FA400512X12 | | | | FA400520X12 | | FA400220X12 | | | | |
| 80 | O-ring | | FA400520X12 | | FA400512X12 | | FA400220X12 | FA400520X12 | | FA400512X12 | FA400512X12 | FA400512X12 |
| 8 | Diaphragm | | | FA145249X32 | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | O-ring | | | | | | FA400520X12 | FA400520X12 | | | | |
| 6 | Diaphragm | FA142549X32 | | | FA117562X12 | FA144910X12 | | | FA121368X12 | | | |
| 10 | Diaphragm | | FA142549X32 | | | | | FA144910X12 | | | | |
| 12 | Diaphragm | | | | | | FA144910X12 | | | | | |
| 14 | O-ring | | | | | FA400511X12 | | | | | | |
| 15 | O-ring | | | | | | | | | FA400068X12 | FA400068X12 | FA400068X12 |

Table 8. Nozzle Spare Parts

| Orange canacaraise FA181250X12 PA181250X12 Orange (2 rings) FA181232X12 PA181249X12 | NOZZLE TYPE | PRE-EXPANSION RELAY | PILOTS |
|---|---|---------------------|-------------|
| \$\phi_{3.2 ADGE} (2 rings)\$ FA181292X12 \$\phi_{4} (1 pre-expansion ring) Distribution applications from 0 to 70 bar (2 rings for pilot) FA181249X12 \$\phi_{4} E (3 rings) \$\phi_{4} E (3 rings) FA181251X12 | ф3,2 (1 ring) Transmission applications 85 bar | | |
| from 0 to 70 bar (2 rings for pilot) FA181249X12 FA181249X12 Okragle oznaczenie FA181251X12 | ф3,2 ADGE (2 rings) | | |
| (3 rings) Okragle oznaczenie FA181251X12 | from 0 to 70 bar | FA181249X12 | FA181248X12 |
| | Ф4 Е (3 rings) | | |
| | Note: contact factory for nozzles prior to 2004 | | FA181251X12 |

Spare Parts (continued)

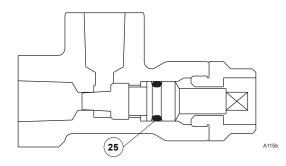


Figure 25. Setting Valve

Table 9. Setting Valve Spare Parts

| KEY | DESCRIPTION | REFERENCE |
|-----|-------------|-------------|
| 25 | O-ring | FA400506X12 |

Spare Parts (continued)

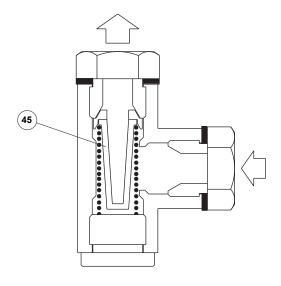


Figure 26. Filter

Table 10. Filter Spare Parts

| KEY | DESCRIPTION | REFERENCE |
|-----|-------------|-------------|
| 45 | Filter | FA118926X12 |

Table 11. Manometer References (Rare Socket)

| READING RANGE bar | RELIEF VALVE REFERENCE |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 0 - 6 | FA460381X12 |
| 0 - 25 | ERAA26485A0 |

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